

# Roman Numbers 1

Romans write numbers as Roman Numerals. Here are some notes I've written to help calculate the taxes to be collected from the shopkeepers in Alexandria. Can you help me work out how many items I have to collect?



To help you, here is a key:

**I = 1**

**V = 5**

**X = 10**

**L = 50**

**C = 100**

To make other numbers simply group these numbers together. Here are some examples:

- To make the number two, use two number ones together - like this II
- To make the number eight, use the number five and three number ones – like this VIII
- To make the number twenty six, use two number tens, a number five and a number one - like this XXVI

There are other rules but these cover my tax collections.

	<b>III</b>	sacks of rye from the grain merchant
	<b>XX</b>	loaves from the baker
	<b>XXXII</b>	bunches of grapes from the fruit seller
	<b>V</b>	rings from the silversmith
	<b>XV</b>	mutton joints from the butcher
	<b>L</b>	fish from the fish seller

Can you convert each of the numerals in the list to calculate the total number of items to be collected?

Now can you tell me what this is as a Roman Numeral?